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Warm Greetings to Comrade KIM IL SUNG

on His Election as General Secretary of the C.C. of the Workers' Party of Korea

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, received telegrams and messages of greetings from many countries on his election as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Comrade Janos Kadar, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party, warmly congratulated, in the name of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and in his own name, the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on his re-election as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea at the Fifth Congress of the WPK.

Comrade Kim Il Sung received congratulatory telegrams from the Central Committee of the Greek Communist Party; Nicolas Chaoui, General Secretary of the Lebanese Communist Party; the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of India (Marxist); and Narciso Isa Conde, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Dominican Communist Party.

Congratulatory telegrams also came to Comrade Kim Il Sung from: Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of the Democratic Republic of Somalia; Francisco Macias Nguema, President of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea; General Jean Bedel Bokassa, President of the Central African Republic; Moktar Ould Daddah, General Secretary of Mauritanian People's Party and President of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania; and Colonel Michel Micombero, President of the Republic of Burundi and General Secretary of the United National Progressive Party of Burundi.

Comrade Kim Il Sung received congratulatory telegrams and messages from: Ahmed Kaid, Head of the Algerian National Liberation Front; Eldridge Cleaver, Minister of Information of the Black Panther Party of the United States; P.L. Lakhanpal, Chairman of the All-India Democratic Party; Yanda Andrei, First Permanent Secretary of the Central Committee of the United National Progressive Party of Burundi; the Executive Secretariat of the Asian, African and Latin American People's Solidarity Organization; Youssef el Sebai, Secretary General of the Permanent Secretariat of the Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization; Amin A. Awadalah, General Secretary of the Afro-Asian Organization for Economic Cooperation; Dr. Pauzi el Said, Secretary General of the International Confederation of Arab Trade Unions; Shapik Arshidat, Secretary General of the Arab Lawyers' Association; Osman Saleh Sabbe, General Secretary of the Eritrean Liberation Front; the Executive Committee of the Supreme Command of People's Front for the Liberation of Occupied Arabs Gulf; Antonio Kubillo, General Secretary of the Self-determination and Independence Movement of Canary Islands; J. Chikerema, Acting President of the Zimbabwe African People's Union; the Iraqi Branch of the Palestinian National Liberation Movement; Abdoulaye Sow, Chairman of the Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee of Mali and Chairman of the Mali Peace Committee; Thakin Lwin, Secretary General of the Burmese Council for World Peace; Basos Lisarides, Chairman of the Afro-Asian Solidarity Committee of Cyprus; Abdul Kader Amin, Chairman of the General Federation of Trade Unions of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen; the General Federation of Peasants' Unions of Iraq; the General Federation of Yemeni Women; Bital Bala, President of the Congolese (B) Association for Friendship among the Peoples; U Ohn Lwin, Chairman of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association; the Iraq-Korea Friendship Association; Prem Bahadur Kansakar, Chairman of the Nepal-Korea Friendship Association; Mamdouh Abdallah, Chairman of Lebanon-Korea Friendship Association and Parliament Member and Chairman of the Parliamentary Agricultural Committee; Torstan Brännström, Chairman of the Sweden-Korea Friendship Association; the attendants of a mass meeting sponsored by the Bandarawella Branch of the Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Association; Omp Rakash Mantri, Secretary General of the All India-Korea Friendship Association; the members of the "Group for Study of Works and Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Asian, African and Latin American students studying in Czechoslovakia; Victor L. Mayekiso, chief of the "Group for Study of Immortal Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the African national liberation movement organizations in Cairo; Chairman William Ahlbe and Vice-chairman Mohan Thampi of the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Berlin; the members of the "Mali Group for Study of the History of Comrade Kim Il Sung's Revolutionary Activities"; the members of the "Group for Study of the History of Revolutionary Activities and Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of African students studying in Poland; the members of the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of revolutionary Ecuadorian students; the "Group for Study of Works of Premier Kim Il Sung" of the Ceylon Law College; the members of the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" organized by students of the African Independence Party of Portuguese Guinea and Cape Verde Islands, the Angolan People's Liberation Movement and the Mozambique Liberation Front studying in Havana; the members of the "Group for Study of the Revolutionary History and Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Dominican students studying in Bulgaria; Do Ma Dwe, chief of the "Group for Academic Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in the Union of Burma; the members of the "Group for Study of the Revolutionary History of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in the Congo; the members of the "Group for Study of the Revolutionary History of Premier Kim Il Sung" in Nouakchott; the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" under the Liberation Front of Occupied West Somalia; Manikral Shiresta, chief of the "Editorial Board of Works of Premier Kim Il Sung" under the Nepal-Korea Friendship Association; the members of the "Committee for Study of Works of Marshal Kim Il Sung" in small Aden workers' settlement in the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen; and the members of the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" under the trade union of Aden dockers in the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen.

The congratulatory message from the members of the "Group for Study of Works and Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Asian, African and Latin American students studying in Czechoslovakia, reads:

We are very glad to hear that you Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Leader of revolution whom the 40 million Korean people love and respect most and one of the greatest leaders of the revolutionary peoples of the world, was elected again as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea at the historic Fifth Congress of the WPK.

We take this opportunity to extend our sincerest congratulations and glory to you Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution.

The congratulatory telegram from Chairman and Vice-chairman of the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" in Berlin, points out:

Your election as General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea is not only the pride and infinite happiness of the 40 million Korean people but also a great pleasure and glory to the revolutionary peoples on the three continents who are fighting to liquidate the aftermaths of imperialist colonial rule and build prosperous, powerful socialist states like the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The re-election of you, the great Leader of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people, as General Secretary of the Party Central Committee is the lawful requirement of the Korean revolution as a whole for its victory and the pressing demand of the world revolution for demolishing the last bastion of imperialism.

The congratulatory telegram from the members of the "Group for Study of the Revolutionary History and Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Dominican students studying in Bulgaria, states:

Today, the revolutionary people of the world look up to you as a peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, the outstanding Leader of the international communist and working-class movements, the most preeminent Marxist-Leninist of our times and genius of revolution.

For the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution and the progress of the world revolution, we sincerely wish good health and a long life to you, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, genius of revolution, distinguished Marxist-Leninist of our times and outstanding Leader of the international communist and working-class movements. And we hope for a greater success in your future work.

"Selected Works of KIM IL SUNG," Vol. II,

Put Out in Japan

Miraisha, a well-known Japanese publishing house in Tokyo, brought out on November 30 "Selected Works of Kim Il Sung," Vol. II. It contains the brilliant works, translated into Japanese, of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, great Marxist-Leninist and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

This book gives in a systematic way eight translated works including "Victory of the Socialist Co-operativization of Agriculture and the Future Development of Agriculture in Our Country" (Report to the National Conference of Agricultural Co-operatives, January 5, 1959) and other important speeches and reports selected from many valuable works personally authored by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of revolution, between 1959 and 1961.

Miraisha published this book after putting out "Selected Works of Kim Il Sung," Vol. I, in October on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea, under the plan to translate into Japanese works of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of revolution, and put out Volumes I, II, III, IV and V by April next year in honour of his 59th birthday.

No sooner had "Selected Works of Kim Il Sung" been put out than it was warmly welcomed by public figures, scholars, researchers and other broad sections of people of Japan, for it contains the great *Juche* idea and outstanding revolutionary theories of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution. (KNS—KCNA)

Congratulatory Messages and Telegrams

to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea

Messages and telegrams warmly greeting the Fifth Congress of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea came to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Workers' Party of Korea and the 40 million Korean people, and to the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Party Congress from Ahmed Kaid, Head of the Algerian National Liberation Front; the members of the "Group for Study of Revolutionary History of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Congo; Abdul Hamir Nasser, Chairman of the Lebanese "Committee for Translation and Publication of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" and department director of the Dartaria Publishing House; Mirjam Dije-ruminen of the Finnish Peace Committee; the "Ceylon Committee for Study and Publication of Revolutionary Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung"; and Jacob Kamarata on behalf of the members of the "Group for Study of Works and History of Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the fighters of the Angolan People's Liberation Movement.

The "Ceylon Committee for Study and Publication of Revolutionary Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" said in its telegram to Comrade Kim Il Sung:

The "Ceylon Committee for Study and Publication of Revolutionary Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" expresses the deepest admiration for your outstanding contribution to the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism and pledges itself to conduct more energetically the activities for studying and publishing your Marxist-Leninist works in the future so that the Ceylonese people can receive an inspiring influence from your precious revolutionary teachings.

Your revolutionary ideas and teachings which represent the most advanced position of Marxism-Leninism at the present time serve as a compass to the revolutionaries of the whole world who are sailing the great ocean of the revolutionary struggle weathering through all storms that beat upon them. Today the red banner of your revolutionary leadership is flying high in the sky over the battlefields throughout the world where a fierce struggle is being waged against the infernal forces of colonialism and imperialism.

Your revolutionary teachings which are a formidable bomb to the imperialist aggressors headed by the U.S. imperialists serve as a reliable weapon to the oppressed masses of the world in their righteous war against the enemy.

The "Ceylon Committee for Study and Publication of Revolutionary Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" extends its warmest congratulations to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea which was held solemnly under your seasoned revolutionary leadership and will mark a greater victory in the struggle of the Korean people for building socialism and for opposing the aggression of the United States and achieving national unification.

Brief History of the Revolutionary Activities of Comrade KIM IL SUNG (25)

At the December 1956 Plenary Meeting of the Party Central Committee Comrade Kim Il Sung elucidated the national economic plan for 1957, the task for the first year of the Five-Year Plan, and the ways and means of its successful implementation and, after the meeting, visited in person factories and villages in different parts of the country including the Kangson Steel Plant in spite of driving snow and cutting wind, explained in detail to the workers and peasants the difficult conditions in the country and the requirements of the revolution and the intentions of the Party and thus aroused them to the struggle for the "maximum increased production and economization."

Our working class and all the working people who had always faithfully answered the call of the Leader rose as one in the battle to overcome the created difficulties and accelerate socialist construction, upholding his teaching with all their hearts.

As a result, great changes took place and new miracles were wrought in succession on all fronts of socialist construction. Industrial output increased at the remarkable rate of 44 per cent in a year and in agricultural production, too, big bumper harvests were gathered.

Thanks to the revolutionary upsurge resulting from the wise measures taken by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the "anti-communist" offensive of the enemy and the attack of the anti-Party elements were all blown up and those people who had been slandering us hung their heads, too. In contrast, our people were united more firmly around the Leader in high revolutionary spirits and the revolution and construction forged ahead at an extraordinary pace.

This led to a great upsurge of socialist construction and the great Chollima movement in our country.

The great upsurge of socialist construction and the Chollima movement are a concentrated expression of the wisdom of the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung and represent a great victory for the revolutionary mass line pursued by him with all firmness and consistency.

In formulating the policies in each stage of development of the revolution, Comrade Kim Il Sung always scientifically reckoned with the prospects of the country's development for the distant future, not only for the present and the near future, and clearly indicated the right course and goal of struggle to the masses on the basis of grasping in good time the aspirations of the people and the matured questions raised by life. And once a policy was established, he carried the adopted line and policy through to the end with indomitable fortitude without falling back even a step in whatever complex and difficult circumstances.

Giving a powerful impetus to the heightened revolutionary spirit of the masses with a strong revolutionary sweep, he solved one question and raised another immediately, and thus led the masses to make continued innovation and continued advance. Along with this, he correctly grasped the main link in the chain of work at each period of socialist construction and solved problems one by one by concentrating efforts on it, thus keeping a firm hold on the whole chain of socialist construction to lead it forward.

The scientific foresight of Comrade Kim Il Sung in working out policies and his staunch fidelity to Marxist-Leninist principle and extraordinary revolutionary sweep in their execution always inspired our people with firm confidence in their work and induced them to advance vigorously along the road indicated by him without any vacillation or hesitation through thick and thin.

Comrade Kim Il Sung always believed in the wisdom and strength of the masses of the people and, whenever new tasks or difficulties arose in the revolution, acquainted the masses with the situation in the country and discussed directly with them how to solve them and tapped and enlisted their inexhaustible creative power in the fulfilment of the tasks.

The Leader always believed in the people, valued them boundlessly and loved them dearly, and the people had an unbounded faith in the Leader, held him in reverence at all times and, convinced that a worthy and happy life, victory and glory could be had only under his leadership, entrusted their destinies entirely to him and fought on tirelessly. The sagacious leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the strength of the entire people united as one around the Leader—this is the source of strength which brought forth the Chollima movement, and is the sure guarantee of all our victories.

Comrade Kim Il Sung took creative measures for inducing the masses to combat passivism and conservatism, bringing into full play the revolutionary enthusiasm and creative power of the masses by adhering firmly to the principle of enhancing the political and ideological consciousness of the masses and combining it correctly with material incentives and for organically combining this with science and technology, and thus further intensified and developed the Chollima movement.

Pointing out that the Chollima movement was the decisive guarantee for the successful building of socialism, Comrade Kim Il Sung defined the movement as our Party's general line in socialist construction.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"...The Chollima movement has become a great revolutionary movement of the working millions of our country, one which sweeps away all that is antiquated and makes constant innovations in all spheres of economy and culture, ideology and morality, and which accelerates socialist construction at an unprecedented rate; the movement has become our Party's general line in socialist construction.

"The essence of this line is to unite the entire working people more closely around the Party by educating and remoulding them in communist ideology and bring their revolutionary zeal and creative talent into full play, so that socialism can be built faster and better."

The Chollima movement which represents the general line of our Party in socialist construction opened up the rightest way to expedite socialist construction in our country to the maximum and furnishes a practical example showing what to draw on, and how, to build socialism and communism.

While leading the Chollima movement vigorously ahead without respite, Comrade Kim Il Sung convened a Conference of the Workers' Party of Korea in March 1958 to take active measures for strengthening the unity and cohesion of the Party ranks and increasing their fighting efficiency and for further hastening socialist construction.

At the Party Conference he set forth the tasks for the different branches of the national economy for the five-year period in accordance with the basic orientation of the Five-Year Plan laid down at the Third Party Congress, and elucidated the concrete ways of their successful implementation.

And he reviewed the results of the previous struggle against factionalism and, drawing on the experiences and lessons gained in this struggle, set forth the tasks of further consolidating the Party's unity and cohesion based on the unitary ideological system of the Party and of developing Party work further still.

Particularly, he emphasized the need of waging a persistent struggle to root up factionalism, parochialism, nepotism and all other unsound ideological elements and the venoms of bourgeois and revisionist ideas spread by the anti-Party factionalists in the ideological field, of strengthening the Party life of the Party members and expanding and serrying the ranks of Party nuclei, in order to strengthen the unity and cohesion of the Party.

On the basis of liquidation of the scummy hangs-over of factionalism, Comrade Kim Il Sung took measures at the Party Conference for decisively strengthening the unity and cohesion of the Party ranks, thereby opening up a new stage in the development of our Party.

After the Party Conference Comrade Kim Il Sung directed much efforts to the work of further improving and strengthening Party work and further raising the leading role of the Party.

In many speeches including **"On Improving Party Work"** made before the chairmen of the provincial, city and county Party and people's committees in March 1958, **"On the Method of Party Work"** and **"Tasks before the Party Organizations of North Hamgyong Province,"** he gave a clear elucidation of questions of principle arising in strengthening the Party which is the General Staff of revolution, in enhancing the leading role of the Party and firmly building up revolutionary forces, and expounded basic methods and contents of Party work in a concrete way.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said that the firm establishment of the unitary ideological system of the Party in the whole Party and the achievement of the steel-strong unity and cohesion of the Party ranks constituted the source of invincibility of the Marxist-Leninist Party and the decisive guarantee for increasing its militant might and successfully performing revolutionary tasks confronting it.

Pointing out that arming all Party members and working people thoroughly with the lines and policies of the Party is of paramount importance in firmly establishing the unitary ideological system of the Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"First of all, the Party functionaries should study the policies of the Party and decisions of the Party Central Committee and explain and propagate them to make all Party members have a clear understanding of them. Only when all Party members know well the policies and decisions of the Party can the one million Party members, from the Chairman of the Party Central Committee down to ri Party committee chairman, move in a body, all breathing the same breath and saying the same thing."

Teaching that the revolutionary ranks should be firmly built up, Comrade Kim Il Sung stressed the need, first of all, to solidly build up the ranks of cadres, the backbone of the revolution, and to give them proper education and assistance. He taught that the work with the cadres must be placed first in the work of the Party committee, and expounded the concrete ways and means of improving it.

At the same time, he taught that the ranks of the working class should be built up firmly and the masses of all walks of life be embraced open-mindedly, educated and remoulded to unite them firmly around the Party.

Teaching that the Party organizations should acquit themselves well of the work of economic guidance for the successful fulfilment of the immediate revolutionary tasks, he also offered clear-cut conclusions on questions arising in the Party's guidance of the economic work and in the relationship between the Party functionaries and the administrative and economic workers.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"Relationship between the Party committee chairman and the administrative functionary can be compared to that of the steersman and the oarsman of a boat. The administrative functionary rows in front, while the Party committee chairman, sitting in the stern and taking the tiller, directs the former to the right or to the left, to keep the boat on the right course, so that it may go straight ahead."

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that Party work should be conducted not by the method of administration and command, or the method of ruling, but primarily by means of education and persuasion so as to bring the Party members and the masses to be mobilized in the revolution voluntarily and consciously.

Saying that whether he works at an administrative organ or a public organization, or in any other place, the Party functionary should be the standard bearer there, not one who issues commands, he indicated the concrete ways and means to do away with the methods of command and administration, with the brandishing of the Party's authority and fame-seeking and formalism and rectify the method and style of Party work.

The teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung which gave exhaustive answers to the theoretical and practical problems arising in Party work and clearly indicated the direction of work for the Party organizations and Party functionaries, became an important guide and textbook for developing Party work and improving the method and style of work of the functionaries.

Through the struggle for implementing Comrade Kim Il Sung's teachings, our Party turned the entire Party into a powerful combat force armed closely with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, and rallied its members and the working people firmly around the Party Central Committee headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung. With the improvement of the method and style of Party work, the leading role of the Party rose higher and the Party organizations became able to organize and mobilize the Party members and the working people more energetically to the implementation of the Party's policies.

Conversion into a Socialist Industrial State—Great Victory of Comrade KIM IL SUNG's Juche-Motivated Line of Industrialization

In his historic report delivered at the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people and the genius Marxist-Leninist, summing up the precious exploits and results made in socialist construction during the period under review, said as follows:

"The greatest achievement made in socialist construction during the period under review is that our country has been converted into a socialist industrial state as a result of the splendid fulfilment of the historic task of socialist industrialization."

Great change of our country into a socialist industrial state is the fruit of the wise leadership of the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung and a brilliant victory of the great *Juche* idea originated by him and of our Party's *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization, its embodiment.

The great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung gained a scientific insight into the realities of our country, the demands for its economic development and the lawful process of socialist and communist construction and generalized the practical experiences in our revolutionary struggle and construction work and the historic experiences of the international revolutionary movement as a whole and, on this basis, gave an original elucidation of the necessity and historic position of socialist industrialization and its main content and advanced for the first time in history a *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization and correct policies for its implementation and thus illumined the path of struggle for socialist industrialization.

In his report to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"Socialist industrialization was a matter of pressing urgency in reinforcing the established socialist system and furthering socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic and was the most cardinal task of the Seven-Year Plan.

"Relying on the foundations of an independent national industry and the material basis laid for equipping all branches of the national economy with up-to-date techniques already in the period of the Five-Year Plan, our Party saw that a powerful struggle was unrolled in the Seven-Year Plan period to build an independent modern industry which is comprehensively developed, possessed of a solid raw-material base of its own and equipped with new techniques and to effect the all-round technical reconstruction of the national economy."

This teaching of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung gives an original clarification of the historic position and main content of socialist industrialization and a clear exposition of the *Juche*-oriented line of industrialization set forth by him.

On the basis of a profound, scientific analysis of the lawful process of socialist and communist construction, the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, referring to the historic position of socialist industrialization, defined socialist industrialization as an essential matter for consolidating the socialist system and advancing socialist construction, and thus made it clear that socialist industrialization constitutes an epochal advance in getting rid of the economic and technical backwardness left over from the old society and in laying solid material and technical foundations of socialism.

The great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung not only correctly expounded the historic position of socialist industrialization, but also put forth a *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization on building an independent modern industry and effecting the all-round technical reconstruction of the national economy.

The line of industrialization advanced by Comrade Kim Il Sung is a thoroughly independent and revolutionary line which embodies the great *Juche* idea.

Our Party's line of industrialization embodies above all a realistic and creative stand of solving all questions arising in socialist industrialization with originality to fit in with the realities and specific conditions of our country instead of mechanically applying the existing propositions of Marxism-Leninism or experiences of other countries and reflects an independent and revolutionary stand of solving those problems in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance on one's own responsibility.

The *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization set forth by the genius Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung is the most justified one which accurately reflects the lawful demands of socialist and communist construction.

Under the present historical circumstances where there remain national distinctions and there exist states, industrialization aimed at laying the material and technical foundations of socialism is carried out through the process of turning a country into a socialist industrial state which is possessed of a modern industry and developed agriculture, with each national state as a unit. Since socialist industrialization is carried into effect with each national state as a unit in this way, it is an inevitable demand of socialist industrialization to build a modern industry with a firmly established independent system.

Because only by building an independent modern industry which is developed in a many-sided way, possessed of a solid raw-material base of its own and equipped with new techniques, is it possible to lay a firm industrial foundation commensurate with a socialist industrial state.

This precisely means that the establishment of an independent modern industry is the main content of socialist industrialization.

The all-round technical reconstruction of all branches of the national economy including agriculture, together with the establishment of an independent modern industry, poses itself as an important question in socialist industrialization. This is explained by the historic position of socialist industrialization. Socialist industrialization is an urgent matter for consolidating the established socialist system and advancing socialist construction. The solution of this question signifies a radical progress in doing away with the economic and technical backwardness left over from the old society and laying the material and technical foundations of socialism and, therefore, a fundamental change should be brought about in the technical foundations of all domains of the national economy including agriculture, while placing the industry, a leading branch of the national economy, on the basis of modern technique. This alone makes it possible to finally liquidate the age-old backwardness in the economic and technical spheres, the hangover from the old exploiting society, and scale an eminence in the building of a new socialist fatherland, rich and powerful.

It is also a lawful requirement of the development of the national economy itself that all-round technical reconstruction arises as an important question in socialist industrialization. If agriculture and other branches of the national economy are not put, through technical reconstruction, on a par with the industry which goes ahead of them on the basis of advanced technique, the balanced development of the national economy as a whole cannot be maintained.

The *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization laid down by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is a creative line which furnished an original solution for the problem of socialist industrialization under the new historic conditions of the development of revolution at present.

On the basis of a scientific analysis of the actual conditions of the development of revolution in which industrialization is carried out with each national state as a unit and of the historic position of the industrialization in the whole of socialist construction in those countries which did not go through the normal stage of capitalist development before taking the road of socialism, the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung provided a most correct scientific formulation of the line of socialist industrialization for the first time in history and thus gave a clear answer to this matter raised anew by practice of revolution at the present times.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung not only advanced the *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization, but also gave an all-round elucidation to the fundamental problems arising in the thorough implementation of this line.

One of the important questions in carrying through the *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization is to properly establish the correlation of development between heavy industry, light industry and agriculture.

Comrade Kim Il Sung clearly indicated the solely correct way for the solution of this problem. He saw to it that the basic line of post-war economic construction on giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture was continuously and thoroughly maintained in the period of industrialization.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"In order to successfully accomplish the historic tasks of the Seven-Year Plan we must adhere to our Party's line of giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture and developing science and culture in an all-round way." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. III, pp. 109-110.)

The basic line of economic construction put forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung clearly shows an original way for socialist industrialization, a way which opened up a completely new phase in the history of industrialization by ensuring not only an early laying of the foundations of an independent heavy industry but also a high rate of development of all branches of the national economy.

The creativeness of this line finds its expression, above all, in building a heavy industry which is not for its own sake alone but is capable of most effectively serving the development of light industry and agriculture and the improvement of the people's living, while firmly maintaining the preferential growth of heavy industry. That is to say, it ensures that within the heavy industry the correlation between the production of means of production for means of production and that for consumer goods is established in such a way as to bring the rate of growth of the latter close to that of the former so that the preferential growth of heavy industry may not merely serve its own development but be properly linked up with the development of light industry and agriculture. In this case, socialist industrialization can progress most smoothly and at a high rate.

Further, the creativeness of this line is that it furnished an original solution of the problem of the correlation between heavy and light industries. Namely, it clearly indicated a new way for accelerating the development of the whole of industry to the maximum and rationally solving the questions of the development of heavy industry and light industry at the same time by ensuring that light industry develops keeping pace with heavy industry that grows preferentially.

The creativeness of this line is also manifested in firmly maintaining the priority growth of the whole of industry through the preferential growth of heavy industry and the simultaneous rapid development of light industry and, at the same time, speedily developing agriculture and thereby bringing about an original solution for the question of the correlation between the whole of industry and agriculture.

The great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the revolutionary way to thoroughly rely on the internal forces in carrying out socialist industrialization, and thus clearly showed the way for the successful implementation of the line of socialist industrialization.

With a view to providing material conditions necessary for socialist industrialization, he indicated original ways to build an independent modern heavy industry with machine-building industry as its core and, on this basis, actively promote the building of an industrial state, push forward the technical revolution in conformity with the specific conditions of the country, develop industrial production in reliance on domestic resources, and solve the question of funds on our own on the basis of the inner accumulation of the national economy. Thus he rendered it possible to effect socialist industrialization along the shortest way.

Further, for the reinforcement of the ranks of our own national cadres, an important matter in socialist industrialization, Comrade Kim Il Sung showed such unique ways as to rear new national cadres of working people's origin on a large scale along with the education and remoulding of the old intellectuals, keep the training of cadres and educational work ahead of all other work, closely combine the general education with the technical education, education with productive labour, and train a large number of technical personnel in the practice of production and construction, and thus saw to it that the Party's line of industrialization was successfully carried through.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius Leader of revolution and the great Marxist-Leninist, established an integral system of theory on the socialist industrialization and the building of a socialist industrial state, thereby paving the way for the victorious industrialization in our country and making another immortal contribution to the development of the Marxist-Leninist theory.

The problem of socialist industrialization and building of a socialist industrial state comes within the category of the issues, of which no perfect elucidation has ever been given in the history of development of the Marxist-Leninist theory.

Particularly in the countries which were once backward, colonial agrarian states, the question of industrialization presents itself as a new problem no one has ever tackled. It has been splendidly solved for the first time by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius Leader of revolution and the great Marxist-Leninist.

Comrade Kim Il Sung instructed as follows:

"As we did not go through the normal course of capitalist development, we have to do the task of developing the productive forces in our socialist era today—a task which we should have tackled under capitalism. There is no need to make society capitalistic and go to the trouble of fostering the capitalists just to smash them and then build socialism, on the plea that we could not discharge the task which we should have done in the capitalist stage. The working class in power should not revive capitalist society, but carry out this task under the socialist system, which it could not tackle in the stage of capitalist revolution, to build a classless society." ("On the Questions of the Period of Transition from Capitalism to Socialism and the Dictatorship of the Proletariat," pp. 11-12.)

Giving a scientific analysis of the law-governed process of the development of the history of mankind and the definite superiority of the socialist system over the capitalist system, Comrade Kim Il Sung clarified in a scientific way that it is of historical necessity for the countries, which skipped over the normal stage of capitalist development, to carry out industrialization in the socialist era and that the industrialization will lead to final eradication of the economic and technical backwardness, the vestige of the old exploiter society, and to the laying of solid material and technical foundations of socialism and will thus mark an epochal stage in the consolidation of the socialist system and the advancement of socialist construction. In this way Comrade Kim Il Sung gave perspicuous answer to this pressing question raised anew by the practice of revolution in the present historical circumstances.

Especially, Comrade Kim Il Sung newly defined that the main content of the socialist industrialization now going on with each national state as a unit is to set up an independent modern industry in which *Juche* has been established, and elucidated in a unique way that when this historic task of socialist industrialization is implemented, each national state engaged in socialist construction will be converted into a self-supporting socialist industrial state having modern industry and developed agriculture, and gave all-round answers even to the questions of how to build a self-supporting socialist industrial state.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung initiated, as an in-

(Continued on Page 4)

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tegral system, the theory on the building of a self-supporting socialist industrial state, with the result that the Marxist-Leninist theory on socialist industrialization has made an extensive development for the first time, correctly reflecting the new requirements of the development of revolution at the present times.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, indicated the clear-cut ways of correctly solving all the questions that arise in the implementation of the *Juche*-motivated line on industrialization, in each period and at each stage of fulfilment of the historic task of socialist industrialization, and skillfully organized and mobilized our Party and people to the struggle for the establishment of an independent modern industry and the all-round technical reconstruction of the national economy.

Thanks to the *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization laid down by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, his wise guidance and to the heroic and devoted labour struggle of our people, the difficult and complex task of industrialization which took capitalist countries a whole century or even a few centuries has been creditably accomplished in our country in a very short period of no more than 14 years.

In accordance with the *Juche*-motivated line of industrialization advanced by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the industrial production grew at a very high rate throughout the whole period of fulfilment of the task of industrialization, and the structure and technical foundations of our industrial branches underwent a radical change.

The industrial production in our country grew at a high rate of 19.1 per cent per annum over the whole period of industrialization from 1957 to 1970. This year the gross industrial output value will increase 11.6 times as against 1956—13.3 times in the production of the means of production and 9.3 times in the production of consumer goods.

With the establishment of a fully-equipped heavy industry with the powerful machine-building industry of our own as its core and up-to-date light industry, the industry of our country turned into a modern industry in which an independent system has been firmly established. Accordingly, our industry came to play a more decisive role in the production of the gross social produce and the national income, and our country reached the level of advanced industrial countries in the per capita output of major industrial products and surpassed them in some items.

The share of industry in the total industrial and agricultural output value rose from 34 per cent in 1956 to 74 per cent in 1969 and the share of industry in the national income gained in the domains of industry and agriculture increased from 25 to 65 per cent in the same period.

This year the per capita output in our country will be 1,184 kwh. in electricity, 1,975 kilogrammes in coal, 158 kilogrammes in steel, 108 kilogrammes in chemical fertilizers and 287 kilogrammes in cement.

With the setting up of the powerful, independent heavy-industry base with the machine-building industry as the core during the Seven-Year Plan period, the technical equipment has been improved fundamentally in all domains of the national economy and electrification and automation effected extensively in the national economy.

All these show that the historic task of socialist industrialization in our country has been creditably accomplished and that our country has undeniably been converted into a socialist industrial state which is possessed of modern industry and developed agriculture.

Kim Yun Shik

Workers of the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory Effect Innovations in Production

by Giving Full Play to the Superiority of the Great Taean Work System

The workers of the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory are bringing about a great innovation in production by giving full play to the superiority of the great Taean work system, the most excellent form of socialist economic management, established by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory maintained a high rate of growth—nearly 20 per cent on an annual average—in the Seven-Year Plan period, and this year it carried out more than three months ahead of schedule its yearly plan, set 75 per cent higher than last year's, thereby registering the miraculous success of doubling the output in one year.

This is a clear proof of the vitality of the great Taean work system.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of revolution, established the great Taean work system, an embodiment of the Chongsan-ri spirit and Chongsan-ri method in the field of economic management, on the basis of the principle of Marxism-Leninism and the firm stand of *Juche*, the traditional mass line of our Party he himself established during the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and of a wealth of practical experiences accumulated in socialist construction.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught as follows:

"Following the completion of the socialist reorganization of production relations and the establishment of the socialist system, the successful building of socialism and communism depends largely on how socialist production relations are adapted to the ever-developing productive forces and consummated, how the superstructure is perfected to suit the basis established and on how the counter-action of the superstructure to the basis is stimulated."

Under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, a most advanced socialist system has been established in a historically short span of time in our country.

With the socialist reorganization of production relations, the sector of socialist economy came to hold an undivided sway in the national economy and socialist construction made a rapid progress in our country, with the result that the scale of production expanded and the political enthusiasm of the masses rose markedly.

Such new circumstances required a new work system and a new work method. The respected and beloved Leader who grasped this requirement with lucidity, created the great Chongsan-ri spirit and Chongsan-ri method and, on this basis, set forth the clear-cut principle and orientation of guiding the industry and managing and running it to suit the new circumstances at the Second Enlarged Plenum of the Fourth Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea held in November 1961, and then gave on-the-spot guidance to the Taean Electrical Machine Factory, staying there for ten days.

The respected and beloved Leader went to the factory on December 6 that year and fully explained what were the shortcomings of the old work system and what were the defects in the work method and work style of functionaries.

The Leader completely did away with the shortcomings in the old economic management system under which only the director of the factory assumed "responsibility" for production and established an entirely new work method and work system under which the factory Party committee manages and operates the factory as the highest guiding organ and under which the Party members get into action and the Party members arouse the working masses to activity so that all the workers may take an active part in the management and operation of the factory, under the collective guidance of the Party committee of the factory.

The Leader also set right the planning work so as to thoroughly implement the principle on which those who guide production draw up a plan through discussion with the producer masses to make it a plan of the producer masses themselves.

Especially, the Leader, by organizing a staff for guiding production in a unified way, opened an original road for intensifying the technical guidance of production and guiding the production comprehensively and scientifically. And he made it possible to bring about a radical change in the work of material supply, too.

The new system of work established by the Leader displayed its great vitality from the first days of its introduction. As a result, the Taean Electrical Machine Factory scored a success of finishing the national economic plan for 1962 two months ahead of schedule.

In November that year the Leader visited this factory again and made the historic speech "On Further Developing the Taean Work System."

This historic speech of the Leader marked an epochal occasion in introducing the great Taean work system in an all-round way in all domains of the national economy.

As the Leader taught, the Party committee of the factory successfully played the role of a helmsman as the organ of collective leadership to lead the Party members and all the producer masses to take an active part in production and enterprise management and operation. Thus, the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory made a leaping advance in production every year.

Particularly since the beginning of this year the Party committee of the factory energetically roused the masses to the struggle for production, giving precedence to political work among the producer masses to make all of them clearly understand the militant task of finishing this year's plan, set 75 per cent higher than last year's, before the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The members of a Chollima workteam of the youth processing shop overshot their daily plans 5-6 times by introducing new technical innovation proposals into production.

In this way, all of them hit their fighting targets without fail, with the result that the factory scored the proud success of completing its yearly plan over three months earlier than the set time.

Another superiority of the Taean work system is to intensify the technical guidance of production and direct production in a comprehensive way.

As the Leader taught, the staff of the factory with the chief engineer as the centre was organized and the staff of the factory, exercising control over the plan, production and technique simultaneously, guides them in a unified and comprehensive way. This has brought about a great upswing in production.

As the staff of the factory controls production in a unified way, it has now become possible in the factory to design products six months ahead of production and various kinds of equipment, tools and chucks three months in advance and standardize major products including 70 per cent of direct current motors, 80 per cent of generators and 90 per cent of transformers, and thus economize labour and material markedly.

A new change has also been brought about in the moral qualities of the workers in this factory. The communist principle of life—superiors help inferiors and the well informed teach the less informed, and people help each other and lead each other forward, as required by the Chongsan-ri spirit and the Chongsan-ri method—is being implemented with success.

The Party functionaries go down to the production sites to carry on the Party political work with the production sites as the centre. The members of the staff get down to the production sites to guide production and solve knotty problems. Material supply and welfare service workers actively serve the workers directly engaged in production, carrying materials to production sites and machines and meeting needs of their daily life. And it has become an unshakable mode of life that the workers think first of the production at other workteams and other work shops and the production of the factory as a whole and actively help others before they tackle their task.

The Taean work system created by the Leader not only rapidly develops the socialist economy but makes the working people live and work in a communist way, and thus renders it possible to conquer the material and ideological fortresses, the two fortresses that must be occupied without fail in the building of socialism and communism.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said as follows:

"The Taean work system is, indeed, a new socialist form of economic management which correctly embodies the mass line and scientific principles in enterprise management and has completely done away once and for all with the remnants of the outmoded capitalist method of economic management. The Taean work system is a form of enterprise management that embodies in itself the communist principle in a large measure on which superiors and inferiors and producers learn from each other and teach each other, help each other and unite together in a comradely manner and on which the economy is managed and run in reliance on a high degree of revolutionary enthusiasm of the producer masses."

Today the entire workers of this factory have risen up as one to carry out the Six-Year Plan, upholding the programmatic report made by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, at the Fifth Congress of our Party.

Kim Jong Shin

Members of the Chollima Kwon Sun Pal workteam of the large-size machine assembling shop at the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory are assembling a 50,000-kva hydraulic generator

We Will Fully Train Ourselves into One-Beats-A-Hundred Combatants, Armed with the Leader's Great Revolutionary Ideas

Servicemen's Meetings Held in Celebration of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea

A few days ago the servicemen of the unit of the Korean People's Army to which Comrade O Hun Won belongs held a meeting in celebration of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Respectfully placed on the platform of the meeting was a portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has all along led our people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity and who founded the Korean People's Army and has brought it up into indestructible revolutionary armed forces.

At the meeting the congratulatory telegram of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea addressed to the officers and men of the People's Army, members of the People's Garrison and public security men was read out first amid the enthusiastic applause of its attendants.

Comrade O Hun Won made the report.

The Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, he said, was a historic congress which demonstrated to the whole world the unbreakable unity and cohesion of the whole Party and the entire people, who are rallied closely around the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung with one and the same idea and will, and a congress of the great victory in industrialization, the congress of an overall victory of the *Juche* idea.

In his programmatic report to the recent Party Congress the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung scientifically and profoundly analyzed and summed up the valuable feats performed and rich experiences accumulated by our Party and people in the revolution and construction, and illumined brightly the road to victory of the cause of our revolution and to further development of the world revolutionary movement, the reporter noted.

The great idea and theory on military affairs initiated by the genius Leader of revolution Marshal Kim Il Sung gave comprehensive, perfect answers to the theoretical and practical problems that arise in defence upbuilding and in the solution of the questions of military affairs at present, and made a distinguished contribution to the development of the Marxist-Leninist idea and theory on military affairs, the reporter emphasized.

Pointing out that, particularly, the election of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the founder and Leader of our Party and the great Leader of revolution, as General Secretary of the Party Central Committee reflects the unanimous will of the whole Party and the entire people and servicemen of the People's Army, the reporter said that the entire servicemen of his unit will, in the future, too, as in the past, dash forward in the one-beats-a-hundred spirit, infinitely loyal to the Leader and rallied rock-firm around him.

The reporter stated that during the period under review the defence power of our country became impregnable and his unit grew into one-beats-a-hundred revolutionary ranks capable of crushing at a stroke any formidable enemy as a result of the brilliant implementation of our Party's military line the basic contents of which are to turn the whole army into a cadre army, to modernize it, place the entire people under arms and fortify the whole country.

He offered the greatest honour and thanks to the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung who has led our Party and people and the People's Army to great victory and glory as seen today and has brought them to foster the powerful self-defence capabilities.

The reporter underscored that the servicemen of his unit will thoroughly carry out with all their hearts the programmatic tasks the Leader assigned to the People's Army at the Party Congress so as to splendidly discharge the lofty mission of the People's Army as the glorious revolutionary armed forces unboundedly faithful to the Party and the Leader.

The report was followed by the speeches of the officers, noncommissioned officers and men.

All the speakers warmly congratulated as one the Fifth Party Congress on its success and renewed their firm determination to remain single-heartedly loyal to the Leader.

Amid loud applause of the entire attendants the meeting adopted a letter of pledge to the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung.

The letter of pledge carried the burning resolve of the servicemen to arm themselves firmly with the great revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea, of the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung and thoroughly revolutionize and working-classize themselves so as to train themselves into the guards and death-defying corps that think and act in accordance with his idea and will at any place and at any time, to protect and defend him with their lives politically and ideologically and carry through his teachings and orders to the end unconditionally.

In the letter of pledge the entire attendants expressed their determination to maintain the strained combat posture and the revolutionary vigilance at all times in view of the new war provocation manoeuvrings by the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the inveterate enemy, to firmly defend the gains of socialism and make full combat preparations so that they may wipe out the enemy to the last man if he recklessly pounce upon them, liberate the southern half of the Republic and achieve the nation-wide victory of the revolution.

The meeting was closed with the playing of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

Similar meetings were also held by other units of the Korean People's Army.

Members of the Ll Yun Ho large-size lathe workteam of the large machine shop at the Chollima Ryongsong Machine Plant are fulfilling their daily quotas at over 200 per cent in processing parts of big machines upholding the decisions of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, out of a burning desire to be single-heartedly loyal to the Leader

Machine Builders throughout the Country Make Innovations in Production of Large-size Machines, Upholding the Teachings of the Leader

The machine builders throughout the country are now bringing about a new revolutionary upsurge in the production of large-size machines, upholding the programmatic report of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught at the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea:

"Bases of large-size machine production should be expanded and reinforced to manufacture in a big way large-size equipment, large turbines and generators, large boilers and other high-capacity generating facilities, required by the metallurgical, cement and chemical industries, 25-ton heavy-duty lorries, 300-h.p. bulldozers, large excavators and various other kinds of large-size equipment needed for the mining industry and huge nature-remaking projects."

While deeply studying the teaching of the respected and beloved Leader to make it their flesh and blood, the Red machine builders throughout the country are continuously creating new norms and new records in the production of various kinds of large-size machinery.

The Red machine builders of the March 30 Factory are overfulfilling their daily quotas 1.2 to 1.3 times in the production of large-size machinery and equipment needed for economic construction and defence upbuilding through an intensified, collective technical innovation movement.

The workers of the machine-building shop of the factory are elevating work efficiency 1.4 times in the production of machinery and equipment needed for the metallurgical and cement industries by actively introducing advanced work methods into production. And the welders recently wrought a miracle of raising work efficiency to 900 per cent at the maximum by introducing many technical innovation proposals in their work.

The workers of the Chollima Ryongsong Machine Plant, resolved to boost 2.5 times the gross industrial output value of the factory in 1976, the last year of the Six-Year Plan, are now carrying out their daily quotas at 120 per cent by introducing highly efficient processing machines and many technical innovation proposals into production, while making full preparations for the next year's production.

The workers of the August 8 Factory are carrying out their daily assignments 1.3 times in the production of diesel engines and other equipment by operating all machines at full capacity.

Innovations are being effected also by the workers who are in charge of the production of automation apparatuses, instruments and gauges for electrification.

The Red workers of the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory are fulfilling their daily quotas at more than 110 per cent in the production of large-size transformers, generators, electric motors and other electrical machines for electrification with the vim and vigor with which they carried out the Seven-Year Plan assignments and the yearly national economic plan before the Fifth Congress of the Party.

The workers of the October 5 Electrical Machine Factory are exceeding their work norm twice or thrice in the production of various kinds of electrical gauges, relays and instruments, mercury-rectifiers, switch-boards and other automation apparatuses by introducing scores of technical innovation proposals into production.

The Red workers of the Chollima Rakwon Machine Building Plant, the Chollima Huichon Machine-tool Plant, the Kiyang Tractor Factory, the Sungri Automobile Factory and other machine building factories in different parts of the country are also surpassing their daily plans by far, while making thoroughgoing preparations for the next year's production.

All these successes are an expression of the infinite loyalty to the Leader of the machine builders who carry out his orders to the end, courageously plunging themselves even into fire and water.

Our machine builders are today firmly resolved to carry out the Six-Year Plan two years ahead of schedule even if their bones may be ground to powder.

In our country large-size machine production bases will be expanded and reinforced in the Six-Year Plan period.

The Youth Take the Lead in Hard and Difficult Work, Upholding the Teachings of the Leader

The young men and women of our country, the lifeguards and death-defying corps infinitely faithful to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, are working enormous miracles in production and construction with their indomitable struggle, taking the lead in the hard and difficult work in all the realms of the national economy.

Our country has been turned into a socialist industrial state with the brilliant fulfilment of the historic tasks of socialist industrialization under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader. This greatest success is associated with countless immortal stories of our daring and sturdy youths.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught us at the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea:

"We should see to it that the youth, always upholding the policies of our Party, creditably discharge their honourable duty as the vanguard, as the shock brigade, taking the lead in the hard and difficult work in national defence and on all fronts of economic construction."

In the busy days of the revolution and construction, the respected and beloved Leader visited in person work places of the youth and told them time and again that the youth, as the shock brigade in socialist construction, should display all their energy and talent in work, always taking the lead in the hard and difficult work.

In warm response to the call of the Leader for taking the lead in the hard and difficult domains, more than 1,500,000 young men and women full of vigour proceeded in high spirits to such metallurgical giants as the Hwanghae Iron Works and the Kangson Steel Plant, to the ore and coal mines, to the sea, to the timber felling stations in ancient forests and to the socialist rural villages to play the vanguard role and erect a large number of brilliant monuments of our times in every nook and corner of the country.

In particular, the youth have taken an active part in the Youth Shock Brigade Movement personally initiated by the Leader on all fronts of socialist construction.

Hundreds of youth shock brigades have been formed in the capital, provinces, cities and counties of our country, which include the National Youth Shock Brigade for the Construction of the Capital, the National Youth Shock Brigade for the Construction of Revolutionary Batile Sites, the Youth Shock Brigade for the Construction of the Youth Power Plant, the Youth Shock Brigade for the Construction of Sariwon, the Youth Shock Brigade for the Project of the River Songchongang, and the Youth Shock Brigade for Railway Electrification.

The members of these youth shock brigades, our vanguards, played a great part in the construction of the world-first-class Chollima and Sosong Boulevards in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, in a matter of six months. They successfully carried out a good many important projects including the construction of cities, factories and enterprises, the youth power plant and thermal power plants, embankment and irrigation projects, tideland reclamation, the railway electrification projects between Pyongyang and Sinuiju, and between Pyongyang and Chongjin, and the building of chicken raising factories.

In the days of fierce battles for conquering nature and building grand monumental edifices of the Workers' Party era, the youth shock brigade members have remained faithful to the last to the orders and instructions of the Leader like the anti-Japanese guerillas and fully demonstrated the indomitable revolutionary spirit and heroic mettle of the Korean youth led by the great Leader.

Besides, tens of thousands of youth shock brigades are operating at the factories, enterprises and work shops in our country, which embrace over 245,000 Socialist Working Youth Leaguers and youths, all told. High in go-ahead spirit and sensitive to new things, they solve knotty problems and create new work norms and new records, smashing conservatism, passivism and mysticism, in most important fields of the national economy, thus playing a great role in boosting production as a whole.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, personally visited the workers of Kangson towards the end of 1969, and taught them each task to be carried out by them, and earnestly instructed them to launch a march for developing a new Chollima speed to scale the lofty height of steel for 1970.

Upholding the programmatic teachings of the Leader, the Socialist Working Youth Leaguers and youths of the Kangson Steel Plant rose up as one to develop the "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, and wrought a miracle by carrying out the steel production plan for this year at 100.1 per cent on September 17, or 3 months and a half ahead of the set time.

The members of the youth shock brigade there cut the time of a heat in general by one hour and 20 minutes, an amazing leap rarely to be seen in the world history of metallurgy.

A youth shock brigade of the large-size machine shop of the Chollima Ryongsong Machine Plant finished in 25 days the assembling of a calcining oven which, they had said, would take 9 months. It was a wonderful success.

The members of the youth shock brigade of the Songhung Mine, one of the leading non-ferrous metal ore bases of the country, took the van in the great revolutionary upsurge, the platoon undertaking the task for a company, the company the task for a pit and the pit the task for the mine. Thus they had brilliantly fulfilled the ore production plan at 101.8 per cent on October 2.

Most of the 18 youth shock brigades of the Guard Laureate Chollima Komdok Mine honoured the yearly production targets more than half a year ahead of schedule.

Under the radiant rays of the "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" authored by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, this year has witnessed an unheard-of bumper harvest, overcoming an unusually long spell of drought. In this also, our young men and women have done their full share.

The members of the rural youth shock brigades have energetically waged battles for irrigation, river and embankment projects, land readjustment and land reclamation, the important tasks in scaling the grain height.

These projects involved over 2,500 youth shock brigades embracing more than 100,000 young men and women throughout the country. In South Pyongan Province alone, thousands of Socialist Working Youth Leaguers of 412 youth shock brigades have carried out hundreds of big and small river-improvement and dike projects.

All these great feats and brilliant successes made by our young men and women are attributable to the detailed guidance and paternal care of the fatherly Leader who directs deep attention to the Youth Shock Brigade Movement, personally visits work sites of the youth and encourages them, saying that the shock brigade is one which is worthy of being joined by the young.

Now the youths of our country infinitely loyal to the Leader, who carry out to the end the orders of the Leader, even if their bones are ground to powder, burn with the determination to play the vanguard role also in the struggle for fulfilling the grand tasks of the Six-Year Plan set forth by the Leader.

The Pukchang Thermal Power Plant, the Sodusu Hydro-Power Plant, the Unggi Thermal Power Plant, the Kaechon Power Plant, an oil processing factory, a petroleum chemical factory and many other big factories and enterprises will be built in our country during the Six-Year Plan period.

Meanwhile, great nature-remaking projects will be undertaken on a large scale. In railway construction, for example, the railway project between Ichon and Sepo will be accelerated and the new Kanggye-Hyesan-Musan line, a long railway linking the east with the west in the northern inland region, will be newly laid.

Recently, a meeting was held in Hyesan by the members of the youth shock brigades in Ryanggang Province taking part in the railway project between Hyesan and Kanggye. Upon entering into the project, the attendants unanimously pledged themselves to the respected and beloved Leader to build the Kanggye-Hyesan-Musan railway without fail during the Six-Year Plan period.

The members of the youth shock brigades of our country infinitely loyal to the Leader will surely fly a flag of shining victory on the lofty height of the Six-Year Plan by continuously displaying indomitable fighting spirit and the one-beats-a-hundred stamina.

Li Shin Bok

Young furnacemen of the Chollima Hwanghae Iron Works are achieving good results in production, playing the role of a shock brigade in fulfilling the difficult and arduous task

With Nothing Can the U.S. Imperialists and Their Stooges Attain Their Sinister Aim to Detain Our Pilot by Force

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are now persistently resorting to political intrigues to attain their dirty political aim by using the case of the plane of the Korean People's Army which made an emergency landing in South Korea.

A plane of the Korean People's Army took off at Wonsan on December 3, lost the course in a thick cloud during a high-altitude practice flight and kept circling around till fuel ran out. Due to illusion of the pilot the plane came to make an emergency landing near Kansong 20 kilometres south of the Military Demarcation Line.

The enemy side of the Military Armistice Commission sent notice to our side by telephone, confirming that the plane of our side made an emergency landing in the above-mentioned place at 17:07 on December 3 and that the pilot was safe.

At the Military Armistice Commission meeting held in Panmunjom on December 5 our side strongly demanded the immediate return of the pilot and plane of the Korean People's Army the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are viciously scheming to forcibly detain after the emergency landing south of the Military Demarcation Line.

At the meeting that day, however, the enemy side, denying even the fact that it already notified our side that the plane of the Korean People's Army had made an emergency landing in the area of South Korea, alleged that our plane "infiltrated" into the area under their control, and came out with the incident of the helicopter "H-23" and the incident of the armed spy ship "I-2" which have nothing to do with this matter.

The truth of these incidents which, they allege, remain unsettled has long been brought to light before the world.

One year has passed since the crew of the helicopter which was brought down by a self-defence measure of the Korean People's Army while illegally infiltrating into the area of our side on the mission of espionage and hostile acts returned, despite their grave crime, thanks to the humanitarian measure of our side. Therefore, this matter has been completely solved and admits of no dispute. The incident of the armed spy ship "I-2" is likewise a matter which has already been settled.

The enemy side, far from complying with the just demand of our side for the prompt return of our pilot and plane that made an emergency landing in South Korea, jabbered that it would give "proper notice" of it only after making an "investigation."

To talk about "investigation" of the matter which is fully clear patently shows that the enemy side intends to deliberately hamper the early settlement of the matter and that lurking behind it is a sinister trick.

Now the U.S. imperialists are putting up untenable pretexts at the meeting hall in an attempt to veil their violation of the Armistice Agreement and their machinations for the provocation of a new war. Synchronizing with this, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are continuously kicking up a racket outside the meeting hall, distorting the fact to make it appear that our pilot "defected."

This is nothing but a criminal design to detain our pilot by force.

The "defection" the enemy is twaddling about is a sheer lie and fabrication. This is clearly proved by the stark fact that our pilot lost the course during a high-altitude practice flight after leaving Wonsan and circled in the sky for a long while and made an emergency landing in the sands in the area of the South near the Military Demarcation Line after fuel ran out.

All facts show with increasing clarity how craftily the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are trying to cover up their criminal scheme to forcibly detain our pilot, who is fighting dauntlessly in defence of the honour of the fatherland and revolutionary constancy, and to mislead world public opinion.

With nothing, however, can the scoundrels distort fact or whitewash their despicable, criminal scheme or delude the unbiased public opinion.

If the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique persist in their reckless scheme as they do now, they will invite more resolute denunciation of the progressive people of the whole world and will only lay bare their dirty nature all the more fully.

The enemy side must send back without delay the pilot of the Korean People's Army, who made an emergency landing in South Korea, together with the plane.

Commentator

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1971 KCNA

Great Juche Idea of Comrade KIM IL SUNG Brightly Illumines Road for South Korean People to Follow

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"All the lines and policies of our Party stem from the *Juche* idea and are pervaded with it. Our Party's consistent principle of independence in politics, self-sustenance in economy and self-defence in national defence is the embodiment of the *Juche* idea in all realms. Under the revolutionary banner of the *Juche* idea our country has turned into a socialist state with complete political sovereignty, solid independent national economy, strong self-defence power and brilliant national culture." ("Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea," pp. 113-114.)

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung founded the *Juche* idea, the great revolutionary idea, embodied it in all spheres of revolution and construction, and thereby brought about radical changes. This idea vigorously inspires the South Korean people to the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle, tightly gripping their hearts.

A South Korean inhabitant said:

"We should faithfully follow the *Juche* idea of Premier Kim Il Sung and embody it. Only by so doing can we extricate ourselves from the cursed, miserable situation of today and win victory in the struggle."

The South Korean people say:

"The *Juche* idea founded by Premier Kim Il Sung gives us national pride and teaches us that there is nothing impossible for the Korean nation.

"Premier Kim Il Sung's revolutionary spirit of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence clearly shows us that our nation can settle its questions and work out its destiny for itself. Ours is a fine nation which can settle any question for itself."

The South Korean people wholeheartedly uphold the great *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and gain confidence in victory from it. It is because the grand reality of the northern half of the Republic which has got rid of age-old backwardness and poverty and turned into a developed socialist industrial state under his wise leadership tightly grips their hearts. Expressing unbounded trust in and reverence for the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who founded the great *Juche* idea and splendidly embodied it in the revolution and construction, the South Korean people say:

"Under the wise guidance of Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the northern half of the Republic has turned into a powerful independent state, and a civilized and progressive socialist system has been established and a firm self-supporting economy for the prosperity of posterity built there.

"I've read a Marxist-Leninist book authored by Premier Kim Il Sung. It clearly describes the fact that all the people in the northern half of the Republic are living happily alike. The people in the northern half of the Republic are well off now because they have powerfully stepped up the revolution and construction, following the *Juche* idea founded by Premier Kim Il Sung."

A South Korean intellectual said:

"In Japan I've read many economic books published in various countries of the world, but never have I found a country which executed the policy of giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture even under difficult conditions as the northern half did.

"This policy of Premier Kim Il Sung is very original. In particular, the great *Juche* idea he has embodied in all domains is a precious wealth for our nation, which can never be exchanged for anything."

The South Korean people immensely envy the brilliant reality of the northern half of the Republic where the great *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has been embodied and maintain that national unification should be realised by the internal forces of our nation and no outside force allowed to interfere in the unification question.

A South Korean inhabitant pointed out:

"The *Juche* idea of Premier Kim Il Sung gives us firm conviction of national unification and shows us the road to victory. Premier Kim Il Sung's revolutionary idea of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence clearly teaches us that our nation can solve its problems and work out its destiny for itself. We should not look to others for national unification but achieve it by our own efforts."

A South Korean peasant said:

"As Premier Kim Il Sung pointed out, our country cannot be unified peacefully so long as the Yankees remain in South Korea. To achieve national unification and live well in the unified fatherland, we should drive out the U.S. imperialist aggressors from our territory as early as possible.

"Under the sagacious leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung our country will surely be unified before long.

"We feel boundless honour of and pride in having Premier Kim Il Sung as the great Leader."

Having learned clearly from their life of 25 years that reliance upon outside forces leads to subordination and ruin, and independence and self-sustenance lead to the eternal prosperity of the nation and the happiness of the people, the South Korean people, full of confidence in victory, are more gallantly fighting against the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, holding aloft the revolutionary banner of the *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Head of the delegation of the South Korean Revolutionary Party for Reunification who attended the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea said:

"Of course, our revolutionary cause is arduous and manifold difficulties lie in the way of our advance.

"But our revolutionary cause is ever-victorious so long as the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, an outstanding Marxist-Leninist and the genius of revolution, leads us and his great *Juche* idea brightly illumines the road of the South Korean revolution like the sun.

"The Revolutionary Party for Reunification was boundlessly faithful to the great *Juche* idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung in the past and so will it be in the future, too. Herein lie the source of indestructible strength of our Party and the firm guarantee of its victory."

His words reflect the unanimous aspiration and will of the South Korean people.

The South Korean people's fiery resolve and aspiration to accomplish the South Korean revolution and achieve national unification under the banner of the *Juche* idea unfurled by the great Leader and hasten the day when they live happily in his bosom, are now overflowing the whole of South Korea like a magnificent river with an irresistible force.

Statement of DPRK Foreign Ministry

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea Sternly Rejects and Declares Null and Void the Illegal "Resolution" Arbitrarily Faked Up by the U.S. Imperialists in Total Contravention of the Will and Interests of the Korean People, without the Participation or Consent of the Representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Only Lawful State of the Korean Nation

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on December 11 issued a statement sternly rejecting and declaring invalid the illegal "resolution" arbitrarily fabricated by the U.S. imperialists at the 25th session of the United Nations General Assembly without the participation or consent of the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the only lawful state of the Korean nation.

The statement reads:

The U.S. imperialists, in their usual way, shamelessly rammed through the United Nations General Assembly at its 25th session on December 7 an illegal "resolution" on keeping South Korea under the occupation of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops under the cloak of the "United Nations Forces" and letting the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," a U.S. imperialist tool of aggression, stay on in South Korea, defying the unanimous opposition of the Korean people and the world peace-loving people.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, as it has already made it plain more than once, sternly rejects and declares null and void this illegal "resolution" arbitrarily faked up by the U.S. imperialists in total contravention of the will and interests of the Korean people, without the participation or consent of the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the only lawful state of the Korean nation, regarding it as one impudently infringing upon and profaning the sovereignty of the Korean people and violating the United Nations Charter itself.

The U.S. imperialists have forced upon the United Nations the discussion of a "report" of the so-called "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea" and staged the farce of manufacturing an illegal "resolution" on Korea every year for already two decades or more in an effort to veil with the United Nations flag the hideous nature of their manoeuvres of aggression and war against the Korean people.

But, with no crafty trick or vicious artifice can the U.S. imperialists ever conceal the fact that it is none other than the U.S. imperialist aggressors themselves who have converted South Korea into their colony and base of military aggression while occupying it and are incessantly committing acts for the provocation of a new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

At the current session of the United Nations General Assembly, too, the delegates of socialist countries and many national independent states of Asia and Africa, sharply exposing and denouncing the aggressive policy of U.S. imperialism against Korea and the shameful nature of its stooge, the South Korean puppet clique, put forward a resolution on making the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops withdraw from South Korea at the earliest date and dissolving the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea" for the independent, peaceful unification of Korea.

They also strongly held that as the question on Korea was discussed at the United Nations, the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the party concerned, must be unconditionally invited without fail to participate in it.

The U.S. imperialists turned down these just demands and forcibly rammed through their illegal "resolution" by mobilizing their hand-raising machine by all threats and pressures. But they could not prevent delegates of more and more countries from raising their powerful voices condemning the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres of aggression and war and demanding that the United Nations be no longer abused as an aggressive tool of U.S. imperialism.

Delegates of more and more ccuntries expressed their growing dislike for the discussion of the "Korean question" in the United Nations forced by U.S. imperialism and even some countries which have tailed after the aggressive machinations of U.S. imperialism so far are now gradually breaking away from it.

Recently the Government of the Republic of Chile resolutely withdrew from the so-called "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea."

This is one more heavy blow to the U.S. imperialists.

The whole course of the discussion of the question on Korea at the current session of the U.N. General Assembly clearly showed that the U.S. imperialists tried their hardest by mobilizing the Japanese militarists and all other satellite countries and puppets only to isolate themselves more thoroughly as the days go by.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea expresses sincere thanks to the socialist countries, national independent countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America and the world peace-loving people for denouncing the U.S. imperialists' policy of aggression and war against Korea, resolutely defending the sovereignty of the Korean people and actively supporting and encouraging the Korean people in the just struggle for the independent, peaceful unification of the country.

Korea belongs to the Korean people and the question of Korea's unification must be solved by the Korean people themselves without the interference of the United Nations or any other outside forces.

To this end, first of all, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army must withdraw from South Korea and the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," a dirty aggressive tool bribed by U.S. imperialism, must be dissolved without delay.

Originally, the United Nations has no ground to interfere in the internal affairs of the Korean people in the light of its Charter.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire people of North and South Korea will continue to vigorously fight for smashing all sorts of the desperate schemes of U.S. imperialism and its lackeys to perpetuate the split of the nation and unifying the fatherland independently in a peaceful way on a democratic basis.

South Korean Youths Determinedly Refuse to Serve U.S. Imperialism as Disgraceful Colonial Mercenaries

Over 670 youths in Cheju Island, South Korea, disappeared individually or collectively during the last one month against the enlistment in the puppet army by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, according to a South Korean newspaper.

A violent wave of struggle against forcible conscription is sweeping South Korea.

Over 1,870 youths refused to be pressganged into the puppet army in Chunchon, South Korean Kangwon Province, during the period from January to October this year and over 3,500 in North Kyongsang Province from January to September.

Five-hundred youths resolutely boycotted the enlistment in the puppet army in recent period in Pusan area, South Kyongsang Province.

These youths went into hiding long ago or frequently changed their places of residence in resolute opposition to forcible conscription by the enemy.

Those young and middle-aged people who refused to be taken away to the puppet army training centre or boycotted "physical examination" not to become mercenaries of the U.S. imperialists numbered over 18,000 in the first 9 months of this year in South Korea.

This is an expression of the growing indignation and protest of the South Korean youth against the desperate attempts of the enemy to drive them into committing indelible crimes against the country and the nation.

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Warm Salute to the Tanganyikan People

December 9 this year is the ninth anniversary of Tanganyika's independence. On that day nine years ago the Tanganyikan people ended British imperialist colonial rule and won national independence after a prolonged struggle.

On this happy occasion, the Korean people send warm felicitations to their close friends, the Tanganyikan people.

Tanganyika's independence on December 9, 1961 was a historic event of great significance for the people of this country in their struggle for building a new life.

After independence, the United Republic of Tanzania was formed by the people of Tanganyika and Zanzibar. The Tanzanian people under the leadership of President Julius K. Nyerere have ever since waged an active struggle to consolidate their national independence and develop the national economy and culture under the slogan of self-reliance, smashing subversive machinations of the imperialists.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, taught as follows:

"Only when a nation builds an independent national economy, can it secure political independence, make the country rich, strong and advanced and achieve national prosperity." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 537.)

The Tanzanian people have attained great successes in the construction of an independent economy, pooling their energies and wisdom and exploiting and effectively using resources of the country.

The Tanzanian government has nationalized, according to the idea of the "Arusha declaration," the greater part of major economic life-lines such as mines, banks and firms of foreign monopolies to eliminate the politico-economic footholds of the imperialists and colonialists. On the other hand, it has carried out an economic reform and made great efforts to build new factories, enterprises and industrial centres.

Thanks to the active measures taken by the Tanzanian government to reinforce the material and technical foundations of agriculture and attain self-sufficiency in food, agriculture is gradually getting rid of colonial backwardness and the output of major agricultural products increasing year by year.

Great headway has been made also in developing national education and national culture.

The Korean people rejoice over all the successes achieved by the Tanzanian people as over their own and warmly congratulate them on their achievements.

Today, the Tanzanian government and people are increasing the country's defence potential to cope with ever-intensifying acts of aggression and subversion committed by the U.S.-led imperialist reactionary forces. They are also taking a series of anti-imperialist steps. They are expelling the "peace corps" of U.S. imperialism and waging a mass "nationalization movement," rejecting the "Yankee and other foreign modes of life."

Externally, the Tanzanian government resolutely condemns the imperialists for their policy of aggression and war, and actively supports materially and morally and encourages other African peoples in their liberation struggle for independence and freedom.

This is greatly conducive to consolidating the country's independence and advancing the revolution and to intensifying and developing the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle of the tri-continental peoples.

The Tanzanian people actively support our people in the just struggle for building socialism and for independently unifying the fatherland after forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea. This is an encouragement to our people's struggle.

The Korean people who treasure friendship and cooperation with the Tanzanian people, are firmly convinced that the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of the two countries will strengthen and develop in future, too, and sincerely wish the Tanzanian people fresh successes in their struggle for the consolidation of national independence and prosperity and progress of the country.

Government Friendship Delegation of Kingdom of Nepal Arrives

A government friendship delegation of the Kingdom of Nepal arrived in Pyongyang on December 7 by air for a visit to our country.

Head of the delegation is Nayana Raj Pandey, Joint Secretary of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry of the Kingdom of Nepal, and its member, Kedar Prasad Koirala, Acting Joint Secretary of the Foreign Ministry of the Kingdom of Nepal.

The delegation was met at the airport by Pang Tae Ryul, Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade, Kim Byong Ho, Department Director of the Foreign Ministry, Tokgo Jun, Consul General of our country in the Kingdom of Nepal, and other personages concerned.

Reactionary Sato Clique, Stop Subversive Acts against Chongryon at Once

On the instructions of U.S. imperialism the Japanese militarists in collusion with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are more frantically perpetrating subversive acts against the Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) these days.

According to news reports, the Japanese militarists induced a man of the 103rd special battalion of the Japanese "ground self-defence force" stationed in Hokkaido in July last to pretend to be a Korean and carry out espionage against the Iburi Hidaka branch of the Chongryon in Hokkaido. This rascal made a secret investigation into the organization and activity of the Chongryon by mean methods and "made a report to his superior."

When this espionage act was discovered by the vigilant functionaries of the Chongryon, he confessed that he "did it upon the instructions of the superior to collect information."

This incident shows that the reactionary Sato clique unhesitatingly mobilizes even the "self-defence forces," its aggressive armed forces, to wreck the Chongryon organization. And this is the most outrageous challenge to our compatriots in Japan and is another naked expression of its policy of hostility towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Korean people sternly denounce with surging national indignation the reactionary Sato clique for its nasty espionage and subversive acts against the Chongryon organization.

In step with the ever-intensified new war provocation manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism in Korea, the Japanese militarists, while stepping up the fascistization of their country, have systematically been intensifying all sorts of subversive acts against and suppression of the Chongryon in order to destroy it.

In conspiracy with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the Japanese militarists concocted the so-called "North Korean spy incident" and arrested and imprisoned two guiltless Korean nationals in Japan and are now unscrupulously slandering and vilifying the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Not only that. They are foolishly trying to distort the fact as if the Chongryon had any connection with this "incident."

A series of incidents taking place these days clearly show that the reactionary Sato clique of Japan sticks at nothing to wreck the Chongryon.

This clique seeks to block the advance of the Chongryon and suppress and stamp out the righteous struggle of the Koreans in Japan for return to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, for freedom of travel to their homeland and democratic, national rights and for national unification and to more actively partake in the new war provocation manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism and step up its reinvasion of South Korea.

This criminal plot of the Japanese militarists, however, can never be realized.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"No suppression and persecution whatsoever by the Japanese authorities can ever check the just struggle of the Korean citizens in Japan for their democratic national rights and for the unification of the fatherland. The persecution and suppression being intensified every day by the Japanese authorities against the Korean citizens in Japan will only arouse still greater national indignation on the part of the entire Korean people, and this unjust act will be checked after all." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 580.)

The reactionary Sato clique must immediately stop all sorts of subversive activities against the Chongryon and the persecution and suppression of the Korean citizens in Japan and unconditionally and thoroughly ensure them all democratic, national rights.

Should the reactionary Sato clique persist in the suppression and persecution of the Chongryon and the Korean residents in Japan heedless of our repeated warnings, it will be entirely responsible for all the grave consequences arising therefrom and will be unable to escape the strong condemnation and stern judgement by the entire Korean and Japanese peoples and the world progressive people.

Japanese Reactionaries Bent on Militarization in a Fit of Frenzy

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, pointed out:

"Under the active patronage of U.S. imperialism, Japanese militarism has now raised its head again in Asia; it renders an ever-growing menace to world peace and the independence and security of Asian countries." ("Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea," p. 101.)

The reactionary bandits of Japan that have quickly revived under the wing of U.S. imperialism are now working madly to fascistize the internal structure of the nation, spurring on militarization.

According to reports, Yukio Mishima, boss of the "Tatenokai," an ultra-rightist fascist organization of Japan functioning under the active aegis of the U.S. imperialists and the Sato clique, rushed to the headquarters of the east district corps of the Japanese "ground self-defence force" in Ichikaya, Tokyo, taking some of his hangers-on along, and committed a "samurai"-styled harakiri on November 25. Just before his suicide by disembowelment, he made a seditious harangue in front of 1,000 or more men of the "self-defence forces," calling for stepped-up militarization of Japan and perfect establishment of the military fascist dictatorial system. Namely, the purport of his rigmarole was, among other things, that the constitution of Japan should be revised in a more reactionary way and the "self-defence forces," the armed forces for aggression, be further reinforced, that the "Japanese tradition with the emperor as the centre should be defended," that "it is a duty of the 'self-defence forces' to entertain the Japanese spirit" and that the "self-defence forces" should "do their bit as the imperial army."

On November 27 the president of the "Patriotic Party," one of the right-wing militarist organizations, and his followers thronged to the "Defence Agency" and prattled about the need of intensifying military fascistization. Meanwhile, right-wingers got together in Tokyo from various parts of Japan and openly conducted a militarist propaganda campaign for the recent few days, running through the streets in publicity vans.

Mishima's suicide by disembowelment and the ever more undisguised rampage of the right-wing militarist elements occasioned by it are an act of the deranged obsessed with the idea of revanchism and militarism. This clearly shows what a dangerous stage the revival of militarism has reached in Japan. The case of Mishima's suicide is nothing but a most vile and cunning farce staged by the Japanese militarists in an attempt to further militarize the country and step up overseas aggression with a greater zest.

The old militarist state functions are being restored one by one and the idea of militarism and revanchism openly fanned up in Japan at present, and a large number of militarist organizations and terrorist groups, having raised their heads, are running roughshod over there. The observance of "empire day" has been resumed to praise Tennoism-absolutism. "Cenotaphs" and "monuments" have been erected to the memory of those who were killed in their frenzied action for aggression and pillage. On top of this, the "theory on the Great Power of Japan" and the "theory on the leader of Asia" are advocated with impudence. The assertion is that Japan should lead Asia. All the current events in Japan patently show that a social atmosphere has been created just like on the eve of the Second World War, an atmosphere where the idea of militarism and aggression is whipped up. Right after Mishima's suicide, Sato covertly expressed in his statement sympathy with his death and openly brought out the question of the constitutional amendment, saying "there would be many other ways of expediting the constitutional amendment" and the like. And Nakasone, palavering about the "mission" of the "self-defence forces," pointed out emphatically that "it is up to themselves for the students of the military cadet school of Japanese self-defence forces to respect Hitler and Mishima" and that he will wage a devoted struggle to live up to "the expectation of the nation." All these give us a clearer picture of the nature of the "Mishima case."

As is well known to the world, the Sato clique are, in fact, the boss of Japanese militarism and the master of the right-wing fascist organizations of Japan.

The Sato clique give stimulus to the formation of right-wing fascist organizations of all shades including the "Tatenokai" and let them play the role as a "flying column" of the police and the "self-defence forces" in accelerating militarist fascistization. The recent "Mishima case" has been followed by a propaganda campaign of the right-wing fascist elements and reactionary bourgeois press of Japan closely associated with the Sato clique. They describe Mishima's act of frenzy as a token of his "patriotic concern for the future of Japan" or as the "resurrection of the samurai spirit" and so on, and call for "making Mishima's death meaningful."

The Japanese reactionaries can never translate into reality their insidious militarist ambition, no matter what means and methods they may resort to, nor can they fool the awakened Japanese people and the Asian and world peoples, no matter what tricky farce they may stage.

At present the Korean and Japanese peoples and the progressive peoples in Asia and in other parts of the world are waging a more active struggle to frustrate the Sato clique's manoeuvrings for militarization and overseas aggression.

The reactionary Sato clique of Japan must look straight at the realities and act discreetly.

Chin Bang Hun

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